

# An Examination of Total and Methyl Mercury fate and transport in the Florida Everglades Using a Eulerian Approach

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#### Water Quality Gradients along Flow Paths (Eulerian Approach) from Internal and External Forcing Factors

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 At the top of the system, runoff froh QGriGuadie fte(digg/e) riched N several QW constituents in Stably sulfate and DOC for He research

#### document changes

Check observations against modeled results for verification





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#### **Total Hg Concentrations in Surface Water**



![](_page_3_Picture_2.jpeg)

## MeHg Concentrations in Surface Water

![](_page_4_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### 2A Transect

- Canal Surface water is initially low in meHg.
- MeHg reaches maximum 3-5km from canal
- MeHg porewater concentrations are generally low and only show modest increase downstream.

![](_page_4_Figure_6.jpeg)

#### 3A Transect

- Maximum meHg concentration is observed within the first 2-3km from the canal
- MeHg decreases toward the center of the marsh.
- Near the S-12, meHg marginally increases.

![](_page_4_Picture_11.jpeg)

# Is there a link between MeHg transect trend and Sulfate – Yes!

![](_page_5_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### MeHg vs. Sulfate in Surface Water

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### **Goldilocks Distribution** Relationship between MeHg, SO<sub>4</sub> and DOC

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Summary:

- Use of an Eulerian sampling approach has provided new and confirmation insights into Hg cycling processes in the Everglades
- Coupling spatial and temporal information with field measurements links our physical and process-based understanding of Hg cycling in the Everglades.
- A restored Everglades with enhanced sheet-flow (DECOMP), studies employing Eulerian frameworks will have application for forecasting future conditions.

![](_page_13_Picture_4.jpeg)